

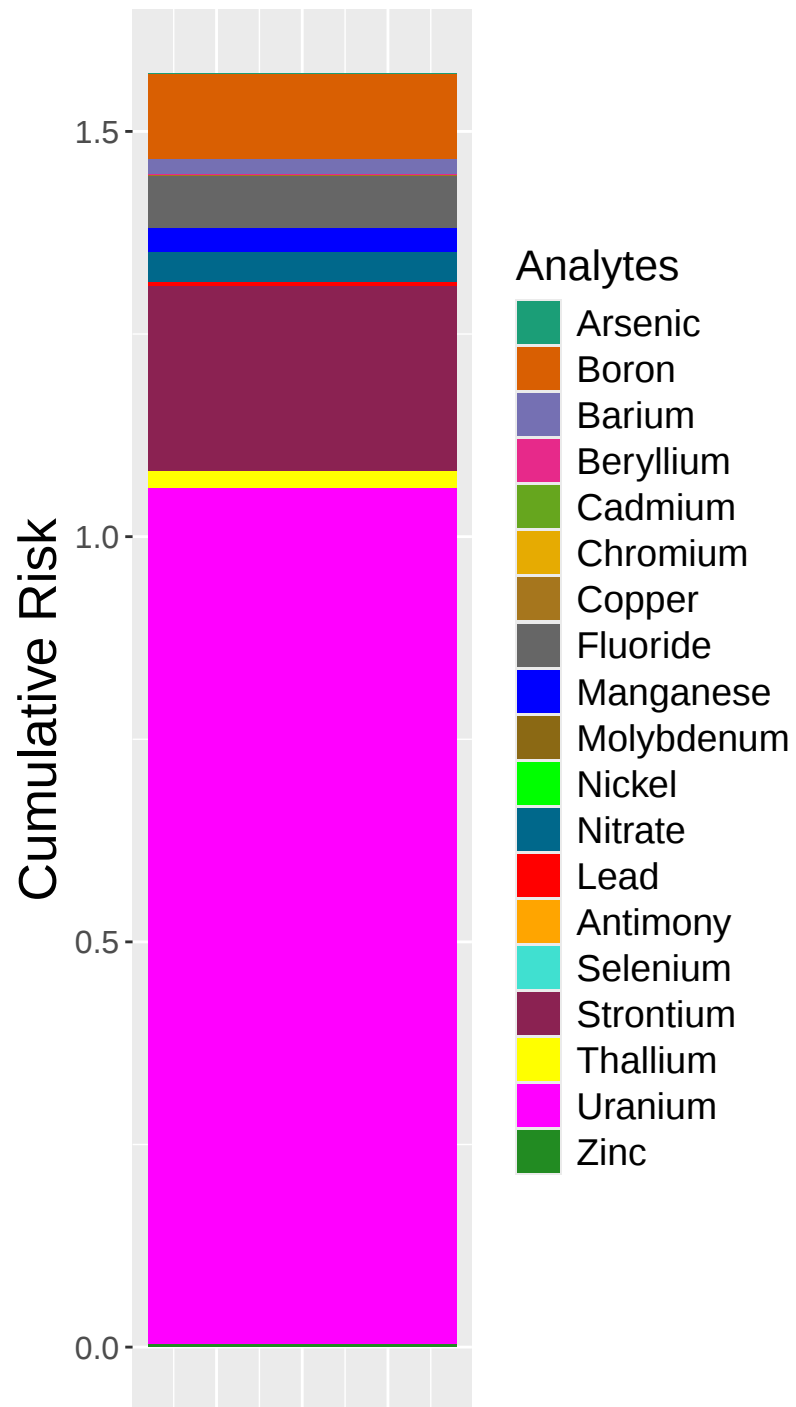
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The contaminants below are ranked in order of health concern, with the most important to test for at the top of the list.

The “Threshold” is the most conservatively health protective concentration, above which health risks exist for lifetime consumption. The hazard quotient (HQ), is the most common (median) contaminant concentration for the watershed, divided by the health threshold. The higher the HQ, the higher the health risk and values greater than 1 are considered unacceptable for lifetime consumption. The Cumulative Health Risk is all the HQs added together; values greater than 1 indicate health risks for long-term consumption by sensitive groups, including children, elderly, pregnant women, and those with chronic health conditions.

Cumulative Risk: 1.57

Rank	Analyte	Threshold (µg/L)	HQ
1	Uranium	3.0	1.05667
2	Strontium	4000.0	0.22845
3	Boron	1000.0	0.10508
4	Fluoride	4.0	0.06375
5	Nitrate	10.0	0.03645
6	Manganese	0.1	0.03000
7	Thallium	0.5	0.02000
8	Barium	1300.0	0.01823
9	Lead	1.0	0.00500
10	Zinc	2000.0	0.00344
11	Arsenic	0.5	0.00200
12	Beryllium	4.0	0.00125
13	Copper	1300.0	0.00087
14	Selenium	50.0	0.00044
15	Molybdenum	40.0	0.00025
16	Cadmium	5.0	0.00020
17	Antimony	6.0	0.00017
18	Chromium	50.0	0.00010
19	Nickel	100.0	0.00010



These results are based on data from the Montana Bureau of Mines and Geology, Groundwater Information Center Database, as of August 24, 2022